//-The keyword ‘super’ is used to access/call the parent class members (i.e., variables and methods) in child class.

//-The keyword ‘this’ is used to access/call the current class members (i.e., variables and methods) in current class.

//-super.move(); : It call or use the method(i.e. of this name) of superclass in child class.

//-this.move(); : It call or use the method(i.e. of this name) of current class in current class.

{This below 4-line explanation is valid when – (1) Inheritance concept used., (2) We currently are

in child class.}

//-move(); : It call or use the method(i.e. of this name) of superclass in child class when there is no

override of this method of parent class in child class. But it calls or use the method

(i.e., of this name) of child class in child class when there is override of this method of parent

class present in child class.

{This below 2-line explanation is valid when – (1) Inheritance concept used., (2) We currently are

in child class.}

//-move(); : It call or use the method(i.e. of this name) of superclass in child class when there is no

method of this name present in child class.

{This below 2-line explanation is valid when – (1) Inheritance concept used., (2) We currently are

in child class.}

//-move(); : It call or use the method(i.e. of this name) of child class when there is no

method of this name present in parent class.

{This below 2-line explanation is valid when – (1) No inheritance concept used., (2) We just

defined 1 simple class.}

//- this.move(); or move(); : Both are same. What it means? It means to call or use the

method(i.e. of this name) of current class in current class.

**//-Note:** What I discussed above is also applicable with variables.